

On Telegram akeleme\_2013

## Answer the following questions as "True" if the statement is correct or "False" if the statement is incorrect.

- 1. The ultimate concern of the normative theory is to guide us in the making of decisions and judgments about actions in particular situations.
- 2. Deontological ethical theory stress that the consequences of an action determines the morality or immorality of a given action.
- Altruists are people who act so as to increase other people's pleasure.
- 4. Duties of reparation refer to the duty to thank those who help us.
- 5. Non-Normative Ethics/Meta-ethics try to answer questions like what does "good", "right", or "justice" mean?
- 6. Indirect (representative) democracy implies a form of government in which the right to make political decisions is exercised directly by the whole body of citizens acting under procedures of majority rule.
- 7. Democracy is a popular political notion in today's world but free and fair elections are not the prerequisite of democracy.
- 8. Political equality implying that all people who attain the status of adult hood have equal political rights or in short one man-one vote- one value.
- 9. Popular sovereignty means that the people have the right to withdraw their consent when the government fails to fulfill its obligations under the constitution.
- 10. Unlike human rights, democratic rights can be possessed by the virtue of being human.
- 11. Constitutionalism refers to a doctrine that governments should be faithful to their
- 12. Flexible type of constitution requires a special procedure to make a change in any rule of the constitution.
- 13. Immanuel Kant advocates a teleological ethics.
- 14. As to Hedonist pleasure principle, pleasure is the criterion or the standard of right action.
- 15. Naturalization is an automatic and unconditional way of acquiring Citizenship. ¢

## II. Matching Item (1.5 points each)

Match the given words for phrases listed under Column "A" with appropriate meanings stated under column "B".

#### Column A

- a 16. Citizenship
  - 17. Renunciation
  - 18. Lapse
  - 19. Substitution
  - 20. Deprivation
- 21. Citizen.

### Column B

- A. A person who is a member of a given
- B. To stop one's citizenship based on individual choice
- C. Losing one's citizenship for criminal
- D. Losing one's citizenship when his/her original citizenship replaced.
- E. Losing one's citizenship by staying out of his/her original country for a long and continuous period of time.
- F. Legal relationship between a person
- G. It is an expression of one's ethnic. language and other backgrounds.

## III. Choice Item (1.5 points Each)

## Choose the Best Answer among the given alternatives (1.5 Points Each)

- 22. Which one of the following is not merits of Written Constitution?
  - A. Citizens can easily learn about their rights and duties and the basic laws governing the patterns of political processes of their nation.
  - B. It is full of clarity and definiteness because the provisions are written in detail.
  - C. It has the quality of stability, since people know the nature of constitutional provisions; they feel a sense of satisfaction.
  - D. It is not easily adapted to a new situation or changing circumstances.

23. Which one is true about teleological	I Ethics?
A. It is diametrically the opposite of	of utilitarianism.
	s of an action determine the morality or immorality of
a given action.	
C. It is referred as "the means just	ifies the end".
D. It is an emphasis on the intenti	ions, motives, moral principles or performance of doty
rather than results.	
24refers to the duty	to do good to others; to foster their health, security;
wisdom, moral goodness, or happi	
A. Duties of Non-maleficence	D. Duties of Beneficence
B. Duties of Self-improvement	E. All of the above
C. Duties of Reparation	
25. Which one of the following is not	the principle of democracy?
A. Popular sovereignty	D. Supremacy of the constitution
B. Rule of law	E. None of the above
G. Rule of men	to the belowing should
26is type /form of	states which intervene with a view to bringing about
broader social restructuring, usi	nally in accordance with principles such as fairness,
equality and social justice	
A. Minimal states	D. Collectivized states
B. Developmental states	E. Totalitarian states
C. Social-democratic states	
27. Which one of the following is fal	se about normative ethics?
A. It establishes norms of human	conduct.
B. It makes moral judgment base	ed on the established human conduct.
C. It is called traditional ethics.	
D. It analyses the meaning of eth	hical terms.
28. Which of the following is most r	elevant for Kant's theory of morality?
A. The Wellbeing of Society	C. Virtue
B. Consequences of actions	D. Duty

no is a genera	Il concor man
The Associated Killings	C. Virtue Etnics
D Hadonism	D. Theology
20 In which repes of the state do	D. Theology the most and extreme practice of interventionism in overall
aspects of life exists?	
A. Minimalist states	D. Totalitarian states
B. Collectivized states	E. Social Democratic states
	the morality of certain
31. Which one of the following	approach has a "private" outlook on the morality of certain
action?	
A. Conventionalism	C. Universalism
B. Subjectivism	D. Objectivism
32. Who formulated a sevenfol	d hedonic calculus in order to measure the quantity of
pleasure?	
A. Immanuel Kant	C. Jeremy Bentham
B. John Stuart Mill	D. Aristotle
33 An ethical theory that claims	moral statements neither true nor false and consider moral
propositions as really emot	ional expressions that depend upon one's own attitude
towards certain actions under	
A. Universal theory	D. Cognitive theory
B. Relativism	E. None of the above
C. Non cognitive theory	
	at an action is right if and only if it promotes the greates
happiness for the greatest nun	
	D. All of the above
A. Social hedonism	
B. Utilitarianism	E. All of the above
C. Egoistic hedonism	

35. Developmental states may pra	ctice the degree of interventionism in a single economic
aspect of life for the purpose of	
A. Eliminating private prope	rty and bringing economy under state control
B. Bringing equitable distrib	ution of wealth
C. Reducing poverty and soc	ial inequality
D. Promoting industrial grow	th and economic development
E. All of the above	
36. Which one of the following et	hical theories claims the view that "the end justifies the
means"?	
A. Teleological ethics	C. Non consequentialism
B. Deontological ethics	D. B & C
37. Which of the following perspective	ve claims that morality is the relative judgment's because
different communities give different v	alues to different things, what is morally right here is not
morally there?	
A. Ethical absolutism	C. Ethical universalism
B. Ethical relativism	D. All
38are duties to kee	ep one's promises and contracts and not to engage in
deception?	
A. Duties of Fidelity	C. Duties of Justice
B. Duties of Reparation	D. None of the above

Rieducation is a reference to civic and ethical education in B c. Ethiopia The U.S.A. b. South Africa A Germany 31. The notion " do unto others as you would have them sin this year it. c Golden and Altruism d Liberalian) b. Hedonism 2 32. Which one of the following is true about teleplosical normative ethical then is a a. The means justifies the end. b. The morality of an action depends on its non moral sansagueness c. The science of moral duty. d. The morality of an action depends on the character of the speaker 33. We call pleasure the beginning and the end of the blessed life. this statement holds the blessed c. Liberalism a. Altruism d. Communism b. Hedonism 34. Prima facie duties are: a. Actual duties c. Duties which ought to be performed after weighing all the marally significant features d. Duties which generally obligate us but may not in a particular case due to circumstantas 35. Which one of the following does not belong to Ross' duties of fidelity? a. Keeping promises ~ b. Duties of reparation c. Duties of not injuring others d. The obligation not to lie. Part II: True or False Questions. 1. Virtue-ethics is a character based approach to ethics. According to cognitivism, ethical sentences express propositions and can, therefore, be true or
false. 12. Nothing was good in itself except a good will according to John Locke. 14. Emotivism, as a Meta ethical concept, belongs to cognitivism. 15. Meta ethics is a factual investigation of moral behavior. 6. Moral and citizenship education intends to create an inclusive society. 7. Ethics can be defined as one of the practical aspects of philosophy. 9. Moral intuition serves to make an ethical action and decision. 8. Altruism is synonymous with egoism.

Moral intuition serves to make an eth 10. While morality refers to a study, ethics refers to a human action in strict sense,

Chemin I quaciono per Part III Matching

#### Column A

- 1. Jeremy Bentham & A
- 2. Aristotle
- 3. Immanuel Kant D ~
- 4. John Stuart Mill & B
- 5. Patricitism

#### Column B

- a. Hedonic Calculus
- b. Eudemonistic Utilitarianism •
- c. Treat the equals equally and unequal's
- d. An advocate of categorical imperative
- e. Ethical egoism
- 1. Civic disposition >

## Part IV. Fill the blank space.

- Write two duties of democratic citizens.
- 2. Write two disciplines that moral and citizenship education is related with.
- 3. Write two objectives of moral and citizenship education. 13,15
- 4. Write the two basic ethical theories.
- 5. Write two reasons why should human beings be moral.
- 11 Keep his country soveraist
- 2) Respect Dr not violate Other Right
- 31 Respect the Law of his CONNEY.
- 2) Morar and Citizenship Education is
- Related to plany other DEsipones Like
- = psychology, History, Antropology, and other's sonce there's Mora and cott zensuip Educa
- tion there is no any stripine far From this
- Universel Declaration of Human Right
- 3) 11 to Encureate Citizens about their Esquis and duties.
- 21 to create an Ethicay Cetitens sence
- Ethis carry good persons are found not by
- born Rather by Learn.
- 3) to create an Autive participant citizens.
- A) creating Responsible critizen.
- 5) Greating Ethical Citizen.

c. United Kingdom a. Greece d. United States b. Italy J 9. Ethical questions involve: a. Decision about what ought to be done b. Value judgment c. Ethical responsibility B 10 A subdivision of meta-ethical position which states that some terms or phrases evoke a predetermined response or behavior is called: a. Non-cognitivism c. Non-naturalism b. Emotivism d. Emotionalism C 11. Identify the statement that is made up of both factual and value judgments. a. All Bira is the best singer and Dire Dawa was found in 1901. b. Toyota is manufactured in Japan and any brother was born with six fingers. c. People always per sue their own satisfaction and murder is wrong. d. Computer is a machine and the African union is comprised of fifty countries. 12. Which one of the following may not be considered as having no relation to civic education? b. Sociological studies - Universal declarations of human rights d. Horticulture 13. Among civic virtues the cardinal for treating different ideas, views and arguments of others c. Open mindedness b. Civility 14. An ethical position that focuses on the development of good human character is called; \$ 15. The most appropriate political culture is called; d. Rule utilitarian b. Subject c. Passive 16. Which one of the following is an important goal of moral and citizenship education? c. Promoting a culture of peace 17. Icentify an aspect where ethics can have an application. b. Consequence c. Nature d. Situation

modern time was.

SINGLE OF THE CONTRACTING GROUPS IN CHOSE TO THE a Companies 2. First Education attempts to gramore particularly incaudigns, and afficient appropriate particularly incaudigns, and appropriate particular incaudigns, the necessity to down respections points b. The concern for the melfare of other compathions t. Having respect for diversity in society. 3. When we are obliged to avoid hurting others physically, emphanish and pay sholography in accordance with the prima facie duties, then we are specifically talking about one of the following duties of: c. Beneficence a Justice d. Gratitude b. Non-maleficence -4. If a certain well known ex-convict is arrested and imprisoned from a crime the sight a committee ,then depending on the principal of the greatest happiness of the greatest number the issue may lead serious debate between one of the following wiews: a. Egoism and utilitarianism b. Ethical altruism and psychological egoism c. Act and rule utilitarianism d. Categorical and hypothetical imperatives 5. J.S. Mill's criticism against J. Bentham's utilitarianism position was expressed in one of the following saying: a. Better to be allied to a familiar devil than to the unknown b. It is better to be wealthy Socrates than wise one c. It is better to be a satisfied person than be dissatisfied nich man. d. It is much more better to be a dissatisfied fool than to be satisfied pig 6. The reason why human beings are moral may be indicated by one of the following a. Tradition developed over years b. Law that has been organized for years c. Enlightened self-interest d. All of the above 7. Ethical relativism and absolutism fall under one of the following sides of ethics b. Non consequntialist c. Deontological side d. Non-Normative Ethics -

1. Which are of the forement of the

## Debre Markos University College of Social Sciences and Humanities Department of Civic and Ethical Studies

Final examination for moral and citizenship education (50%) October 15/2021

Time allowed 1:15 hrs.

# I. True/ False part (write true if the statement is correct and false if it is incorrect (1 points sach))

- 1. To establish effective and stable administration, every government needs to secure legitimacy from the
- 2. In democratic political system, state power is seized through free, fair, competitive and periodic
- 3. Rights are entitlement/privileges that are granted to every human kind irrespective of differences in
- 4. However, a written constitution is rigid than unwritten constitution, all written constitutions are not
- 5. Once the constitution is approved by people's representative through popular deliberation, it should not
- 6. Both the functionality and dis-functionality of a government has a direct consequence on the
- 7. According to functionalist approach, state is an entity which its central role is maintaining social order.
- 8. The factor that motivates Emperor Haile Selassie to promulgate the 1931 constitution was to grant
- Today in Ethiopia the terrorists group (TPLF and Shenia) are challenges to the internal sovereignty of
- 10. Welfare states recommend to have a reasonable intervention in the economy in order to rectify the

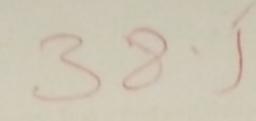
# Read the following questions and choose the best answer for the following questions from the imbalances and injustices of capitalism. II.

- 11. Among the following one is the role of political parties in consolidating democracy?
  - A. Mobilize the people against the ruling party on an ethnic basis x
  - B. Lobby the national parliament to enact policies on specific issues
  - C. Expose state secrets for other countries to get political supports
  - D. Provide alternative policies and strategies to the people
- 12. Which one is not the innovation of the 1931 constitution?
  - A. A bi-cameral parliament V. C. The concept of fixed annual budget
  - B. The republic form of government D. the practice of regular court
  - 3. Which statement is true?
- A. Without international recognition, states can exist as sovereign entity. B. When facing internal crisis, states sovereignty can be violated by global actors.

  - C. Government is a relatively permanent institution than the state. ×
  - D. Uniform culture among the population is a guarantee for state stability. ×

  - A. Since the market system is inefficient, it needs to be replaced by socialist system X 4. Developmental state advocates that:
    - B. The state needs to intervene in every aspects of the life of human community ×
    - C. Social well-being can be promoted through wealth redistribution by the state X
    - D. Partnership between the state and the private sectors ensures economic stability

dentify one which is not the feature of parliamentary system of government? A. The Prime Minister is accountable to the parliament. B. The parliament is the locus of state power. C. The Prime Minister is elected directly by the people. D. Members of parliament are elected by the people. 6. In 2020, Martin Plaut was accused of exposing the top secret of his country. Labelling the crime se treason, the supreme court of Plaut's country decided that the government must bereave the criminal's citizenship and by this Plaut became stateless. In which way of losing citizenship does Plaut became stateless? D. Substitution C. Deprivation 7. The contribution of the family of Richard Pankhurst to Ethiopia has been immense. Even though, they are British originally, they sided with Ethiopia during the second Ethio-Italian war and produced voluminous books about the history of Ethiopia. To that end, the government of Ethiopia granted Ethiopian citizenship to this family. In which way of acquiring citizenship does the Richard Pankhurst's family acquired Ethiopian citizenship? C. Citizenship by special case A. Citizenship by political case D. Citizenship by application B. Citizenship by adoption 8. The criteria to classify constitution as rigid and flexible is: C. Distribution of power A. Codification of provisions D. Constitutional implementation B. Procedure of amendment 9. Which one is not the purpose of a constitution? A. Limit the power of the government 2.5 3.5 B. Entitle local governments a status of independence C. Protect the rights and freedoms of citizen 0. The principle of 'imperial supremacy' in the traditional constitution of Ethiopia claims that: D. Serve as a work description to the government A. The king required to be the follower of Ethiopian Orthodox Tewhido Church. B. The power of the king is unchallenging, absolute and derived from God. C. Having heredity line to Solomonic dynasty is the powerful source of legitimacy. D. No one except the male seed of Solomon and Mak'ida shall ever reign in Ethiopia. The critical departure of the 1995 constitution from its predecessors is that: A. It establishes parliamentary system of government B. It grants individual rights to the citizens of Ethiopia C. It allocates more power to the central government D. It establishes a federal system based on ethnic identity 2. Which one is true about democracy? A. It is an exclusive property of the continent Europe B. The only responsible body in building democracy is the government C. Building democracy is a short-term goal of any nation as it is a one-time incident D. Better democracy can be established through the participation of many actors



- 33. A perspective of democracy which aspire the realization of liberty on the cost of equality is; A. Social democracy

  B. Liberal democracy

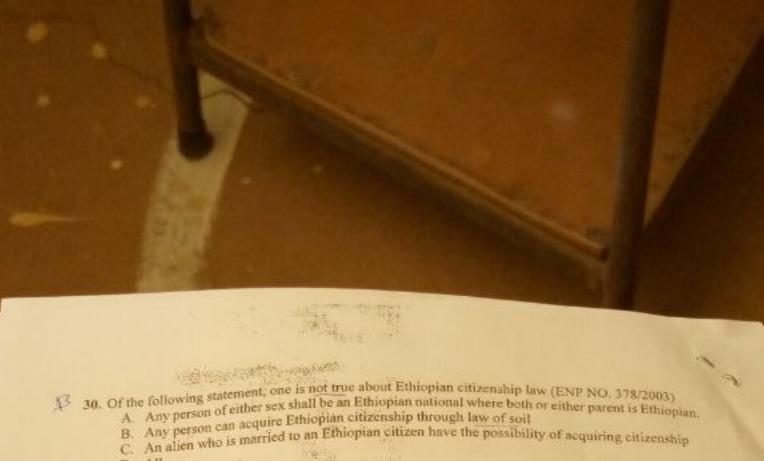
  D. Economic democracy
- C. Developmental Democracy

- 34. One is correct pertaining to unitary and federal state structures respectively?
  - A. The former promotes local initiatives whereas the latter does not promote
  - B. The central government is highly overloaded in the former than in the latter
  - C. The former recognizes the constitutional survival of local government, but the later does not
  - D. While the latter is suitable for homogeneous, the former is best suited for heterogeneous population &

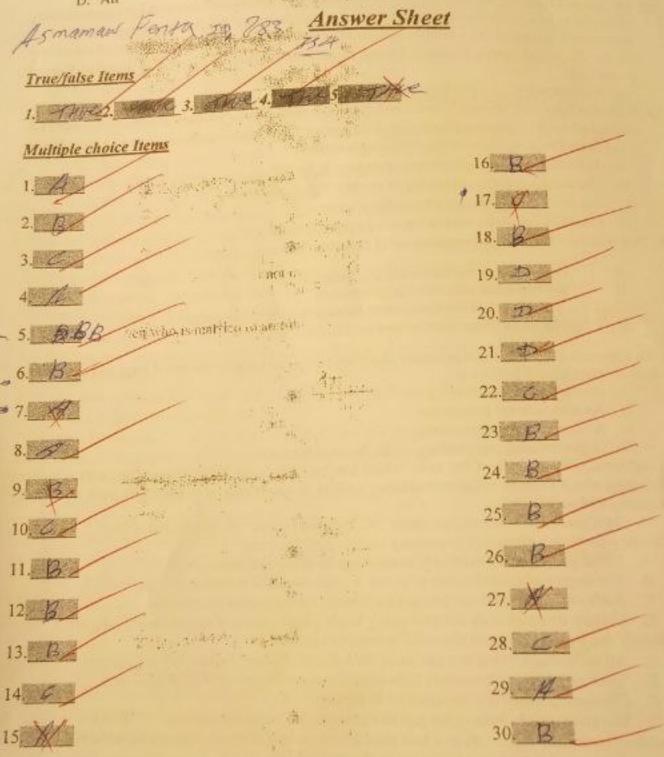
- 35. \_\_\_\_\_a mechanism of checking the constitutionality of the actions and omissions of legislative and executive bodies in the democratic system (1.5%).
- 36. Under the People Democratic Republic of Ethiopia (PDRE) \_\_\_\_\_\_was the supreme organ of
- 37. \_\_\_\_\_ is a special type of document consists an important principles and laws that have been taken as base for the 1995 FDRE constitution (1.5%).

## Answer sheet

	cont	tion
I. True/False  1. True/False  2. True  3. True  4. True  5. False  6. True  7. True  8. False  9. True  10. True	II. Choice  11. D  12. B  13. A  14. D  15. C                17. C            18. B  19. B  20. B  21. D  22. D  23. D	25. B 26. B 27. 28. A 29. A 30. A 31. A 32. B 33. A 34. B HI. Blank Space 35. Sheet to Sheet



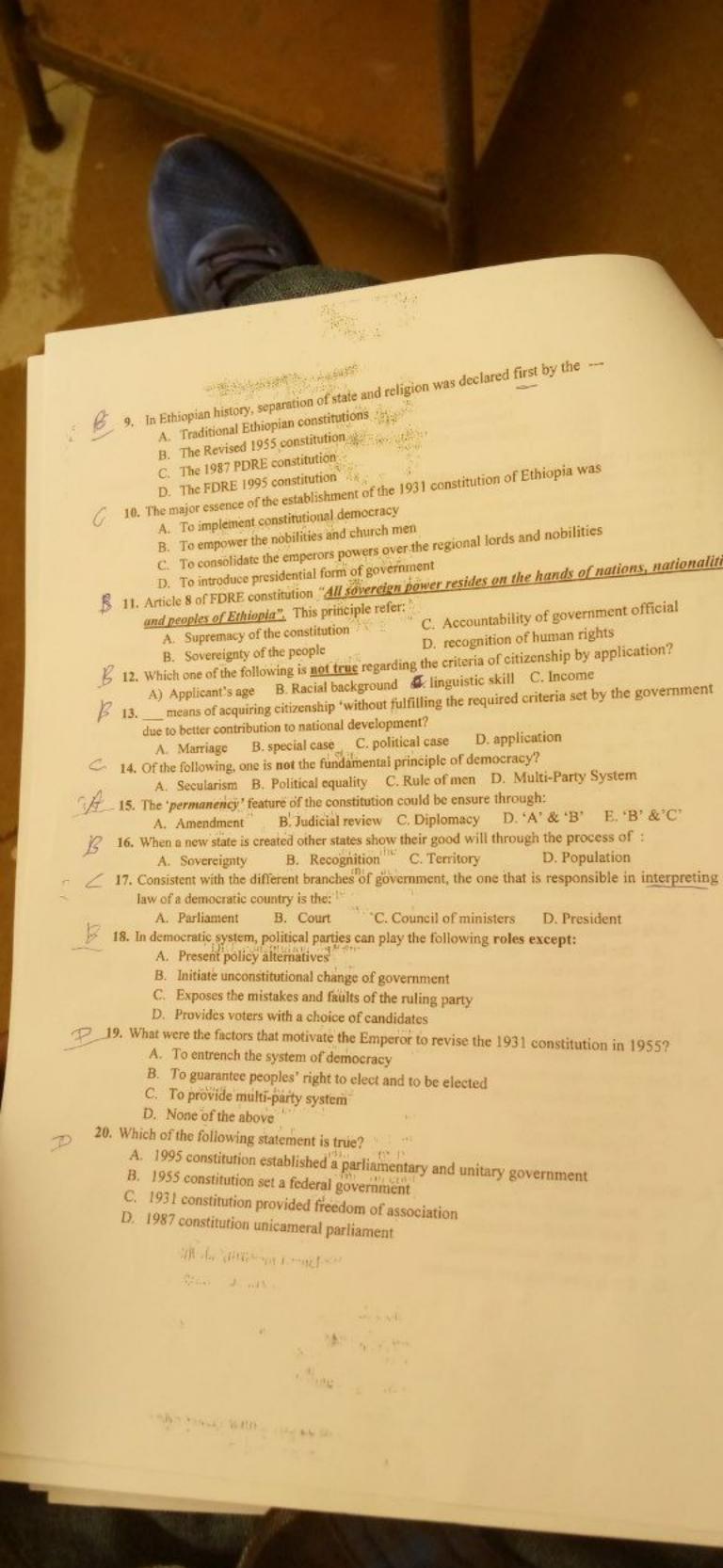
D. All

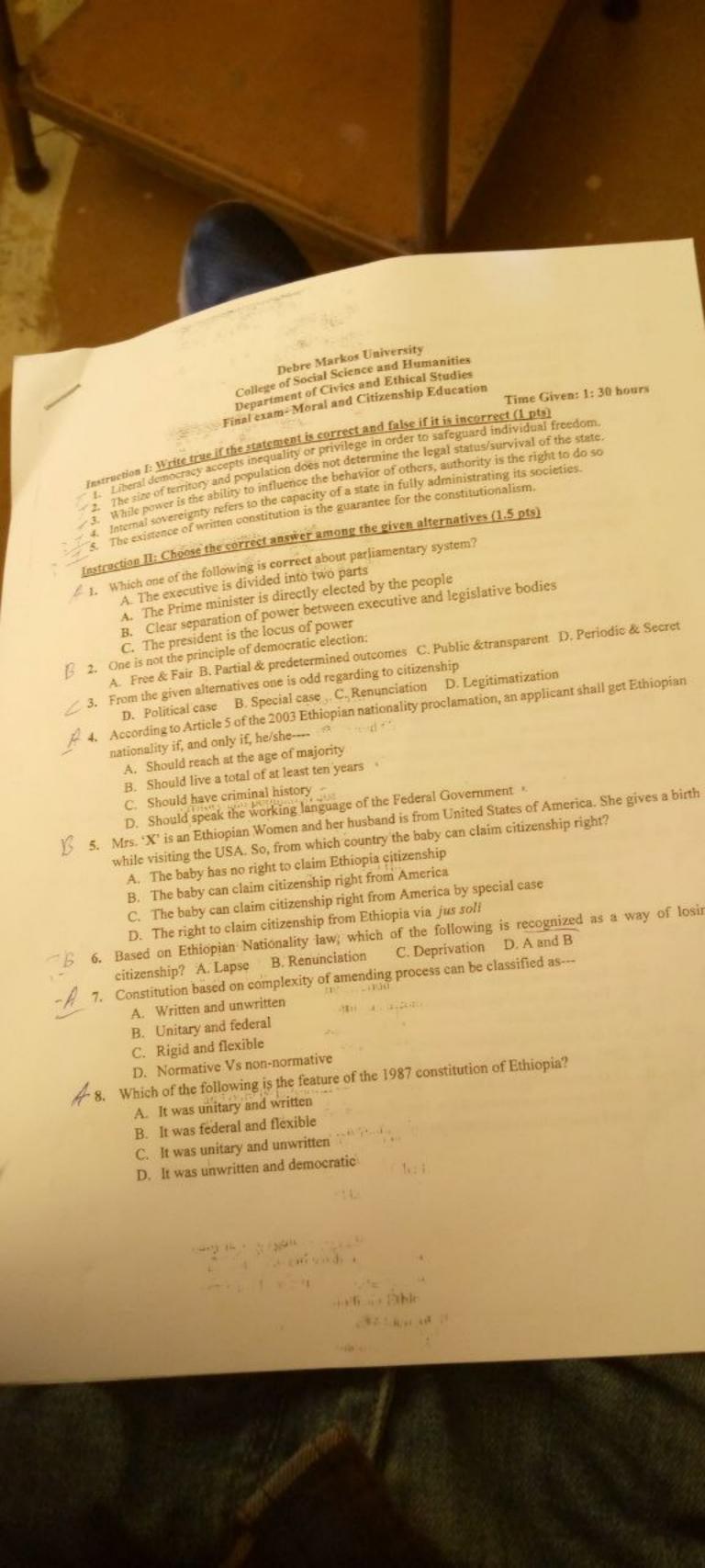


25=375+4=415

Sold Calent 21. Of the following alternatives, one is the merit of unwritten Constitution?

A. Full of clarity and definiteness A. Full of clarity and definiteness B. Readily available to citizens
C. Has the quality of stability 22. Mr. X is an Ethiopian. He wrote a very commendable book that critically shows the culture and history of Kenya. In turn, many tourists has been started to visit the country so that the revenue of the country or Kenya. In turn, many dramatically increased. As a result, the Kenyan government immediately grants Kenyan citizenship for Mr X. So, by which of the following of granting citizenship does Mr X acquired Kenyan B. Option C. Special Case D. Claim B 23. A child is born from country Y father and country R mother in the territory of country X. Country R allowed all ways of granting citizenship. But, country X and Y merely allows granting citizenship by blood Based on this, which of the following is correct? A. The child can claim citizenship of country X by soil B. The child can claim citizenship of country Y through blood C. The child can claim only citizenship of country R D. The child can claim citizenship of country Y through soil 24. One is not the fundamental requirement of Constitutionalism Democratic constitution and implementations Arbitrary and authoritarian government Amendment of the constitution through the will of the people B. Horizontal separation of power E. All C. 25. An approach of the state that primarily identifies state as an actor on the world stage and as the basic unit of international politics is: A. An Idealist perspective and see B. An international perspective C. A functionalist perspective, E. None of the above B. Organizational perspective 26. Cognizant with the role of the state, which ideology advocates states intervention with a view to bringing about broader social restructuring usually in accordance with principles such as fairness, C. Religious states D. Totalitarian states equality and social justice. B. welfare states A. Minimal state 27. Identify the wrong statement concerning Unitary state structure A. Local governments exist only as mere agents of the central authority B. The degree of centralisation of power is uniform across countries × C. Authority and power are focused exclusively on the central government D. Unitary structure does not necessarily imply a high degree of centralization E. All 28. Identify the wrong statement about the concept of citizenship A. All individuals living in a particular state do not necessary mean they are citizens B. Some political and economic rights could exclusively reserved to citizens only C. Citizenship status is only restricted to persons 29. Children born from diplomats in a host state where jus soli is allowed do not have the right to claim D. The aliens might have rights just like citizens of a particular country citizenship status of the host country under the principle of: A. Extraterritoriality B. Lapse C. Registration D. Renunciation E. None with the tale of the same by As a seriousing a tet C F 186 - X-





J-F 2-4 3-T 4-F S-T 6-6 7-6 8-B 9-0 10- D 11:0 12-0 13- AB 14-0 15-C 16-B 21 17-C 18-B 01 19-Ptema-2.6. - meta Ethics 21 confidentionty - Name - thonsporency

8. Mr. A	bebe is stro	ngly be	neves that	ne nas ne	-Etical acti	vities due t	o the concern	even at local to win daily best describe
bread.	In addition	, he cons	sidered poli	tics as a c	nrty game.	Willen ber	III.	best describe
Mr. A	bebe?							
resul A.	to the wron it, the earth The duty to	is becom	s of human ing an inhab sumption	Indiana a	C. The rig	ning increa ngs. This v ht to livabl	ses in alarming violate the pri- e environmen	
B	The duty to	future ge	neration			rs pay prin	cipic	
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A.	The rightness	ss/wrong	ness of an a	ction is de	etermined b	by its end re	esuit	
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C	It claims the	means i	ustify the er	id				
D.	It believes	n purpos	e, or goals	of an action	on to determ	nine its mo	raiity	
11. A	good citizen	s one wh	10			- marting and a second and		
A.	Promote his	/her priv	ate interest	than the c	ommon go	od of the so	ociety	
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	Ans	wer Sheet						
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Debre Markos University

Department Of Civies and Ethical Studies

Mid exam for the course of Mocal and Citizenship Education for First Year Regular Students (20%)

I. Write True If The Statement Is Correct And Febre W.The Statement Is Incorrect (1 Pt. Each)

- 1. According to utilitarianism, an action is morally acceptable only if it does not violate anyone's
- 2. Ethical subjectivists consider the existence of some universal valid moral values.
- 3. According to, Deontological Ethics the rightness/wrongness of an action is based on the motive
- 4. Ethics refers to the degree to which an action conforms to a standard or norm of human-
- 5. Civic attitudes are very essential ingredients needed to ensure harmony and peaceful co-

II. Choose the Best Answer among the Given Alternatives (1.5 pt. each) existence among people.

- Among the following one is not true about ethical universalism
  - A. Moral principles exist independently of cultural context of societies
  - E. Moral values are remain the same all over the world
  - C. The existence of moral values are determined by normative practice of the society
  - D. None of the above
- 2. All are valid about applied ethics, except?
  - A. It is the application of ethical theories to solve our practical problems
  - B It deals with controversial moral issues
  - C. It studies about the meaning of ethical terms
  - D. All of the above
- Identify the one incorrectly matched.
  - A. Fidelity- the duty to keep promises or contracts
  - B. Reparation- the duty to be fair in the treatment of citizens
  - C. Gratitude the duty to say thanks who help us in need
  - D. Non-Maleficence- the duty of refraining from the act of harming people
- 4. Of the following one is not the advantage of being an ethical person.
  - A. To promote common goods
- C. To gain material benefits

- B. To obey by divine command D. To treat people as a means 5. Of the following one is/are not purpose of Moral and Citizenship Education
  - A. The Need for Participant Political Culture
  - B. Build civic competence of citizens
  - C. Develop democratic outlook
  - D. Discourage sense of patriotism
  - E. None of the above
- 6. Which one is/are true about ethics and law respectively
  - A. The punishment for violation of the former is psychological, but later is physical
  - B. The former is internal to the moral agents, while the later is external
  - The later has law enforcer agencies, but not the former
- D. All of the above
- is a code of conduct which governs professionals when they deliver services for

□Civics ����

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